



NYKYTYUK Alexander A.,
Dr. agricultural Science, professor,
National Medical University. Bogomolets
(a city of Kyiv)

**FACTORS ORDERING VETERINARY AND SANITARY CONTROL
OF THE EXPORT OF CRUDE LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS (1912)**

Summary

However, in the early twentieth century, veterinary and sanitary control over the export of raw animal products from Ukraine to Germany was not adjusted properly. Illegal violations transport inevitably led to the use by other Western countries, which entails difficulties for traders raw animal products, particularly negative Reflected in large clusters and points of sales in transit. Installed factors ordering veterinary control in Ukraine at increasing exports of raw animal products in 1912.

In the early twentieth century in Europe there was a close relationship of production and the conditions of agricultural output produced by small producers. An intensive transformation of existing forms of marketing, but these measures did not affect Ukraine, as the Russian government did not pay enough attention to these issues, in particular was not adjusted properly veterinary control.

Objective. To establish the factors that contributed to the ordering of veterinary control of raw animal products in its exports from Ukraine to Germany in 1912.

Conclusion. In 1912, veterinary and sanitary control over the export of raw animal products from Ukraine to Germany uporyadkovuvaly officials Haruzin, Mollerius and Kaczynski. Thanks to their efforts: 1) official local publications published interim rules on exports to Germany; 2) supplemented valid at the time § 13 of the rules of February 10, 1912 "On veterinary and police surveillance

wholesale, Milky cattle and resettlement and for raw animal products" Decree of 21 September 1912 concerning points of time; 3) The coordinated action of Minister of Transportation, Trade and Industry to correct violations in the transportation of raw animal products to Germany.